

## EC3400: Computer Assignment 1

In this project we address the problem of sampling sinusoidal signals to understand analog frequencies, digital frequencies and aliasing.

### Problem 1. (pencil and paper)

Consider the signal  $x(t) = 5 \cos(4000\pi t + 0.1)$ .

Q1. Determine its Fourier Transform  $X(F) = FT\{x(t)\}$  and sketch it;

Q2. Let  $F_s = 5kHz$  be the sampling frequency and call  $x[n] = x(nT_s)$  the sampled sequence.

Determine  $X(\omega) = DTFT\{x[n]\}$  and sketch it for  $-\pi \leq \omega \leq \pi$ . Determine the digital frequencies of this signal.

Q3. Same as Q2 with  $F_s = 3kHz$ . Which other frequency  $F$  (in Hz) has the same samples?

### Problem 2 (Matlab)

In this problem we make use of the FFT, as an approximation of the DTFT. In particular we use the following fact:

FACT: Let  $x[n], n = 0, \dots, N-1$  be a sequence of length  $N$ , and  $X[k] = FFT\{x[n]\}, k = 0, \dots, N-1$  be its  $N$ -point FFT. Then, if  $N$  is "large enough",

$$X[k] \approx X(\omega) \Big|_{\omega = k \frac{2\pi}{N}}, k = 0, \dots, N-1$$

with  $X(\omega) = DTFT\{x[n]\}$ .

Consider the same signal  $x(t) = 5 \cos(4000\pi t + 0.1)$ .

Q1. Generate  $N = 1024$  samples  $x[n] = x(nT_s), n = 0, \dots, 1023$  with sampling frequency  $F_s = 5kHz$ .

Plot the magnitude of the FFT in the range  $0 \leq k < N/2$  and verify that it has a peak at  $\omega \approx \omega_0$  as from Problem 1, Q2;

Q2. Same, for  $F_s = 3kHz$  and compare with Problem 1, Q3.

### Matlab Commands:

`n=0:N-1; x=A*cos(w0*n+alpha);` to generate a vector of cos. with digital frequency  $w_0$ ;

`X=fft(x);` yields the fft of the vector  $x$

Note: Matlab has no zero or negative indices

`k=0:N/2-1; plot(k, abs(X(1:N/2)))` to plot the FFT as a function of the index "k".