

Rotation Matrix Method for Analyzing Noisy Nonlinear Data



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References

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Ocean Modeling/Data Analysis

$$\mathbf{A} \hat{\mathbf{a}} = \mathbf{QY},$$

$$\mathbf{Y} = \bar{\mathbf{Y}} + \mathbf{Y}'$$

signal $\bar{\mathbf{Y}}$

noise \mathbf{Y}'



Algebraic Equation

- L -dimensional state vector: \mathbf{a}
- P -dimensional observation vector: \mathbf{Y}
- Coefficient matrix: \mathbf{A} P times L ,
- Square matrix (P times P): \mathbf{Q}
- $P > L$



ILL-POSED ALGEBRAIC EQUATION

$$\eta_1 = \frac{\|\mathbf{QY}'\|}{\|\mathbf{Q\bar{Y}}\|}, \quad \eta_2 = \frac{L}{P}$$

$$\eta_3 = \frac{\max(\text{singular values of } \mathbf{A})}{\min(\text{singular values of } \mathbf{A})}$$



Imperfect Condition

- Noise to signal ratio and condition number

$$\eta_1 \geq 1,$$

$$\eta_3 \gg 1$$



Rotational Matrix Method

- $\mathbf{SAa} = \mathbf{SQY}$

- For the new matrix: **SA**

$$\tilde{\eta}_3^2 (1 + \tilde{\eta}_1^2) \rightarrow \min,$$



Optimization

$$\tilde{\eta}_1 \equiv \frac{\|\mathbf{SQY}'\|}{\|\mathbf{SQ\bar{Y}}\|}$$

$$\tilde{\eta}_3 \equiv \frac{\|\mathbf{SQ\bar{Y}}\|}{\|\mathbf{a}\|}$$

$$J_1 = \|\mathbf{A}\|^2 - \tilde{\eta}_3^2 \left[1 + \frac{2 (\mathbf{SQ\bar{Y}} * \mathbf{SQY}')}{\|\mathbf{SQ\bar{Y}}\|^2} + \tilde{\eta}_1^2 \right] \rightarrow \max,$$