

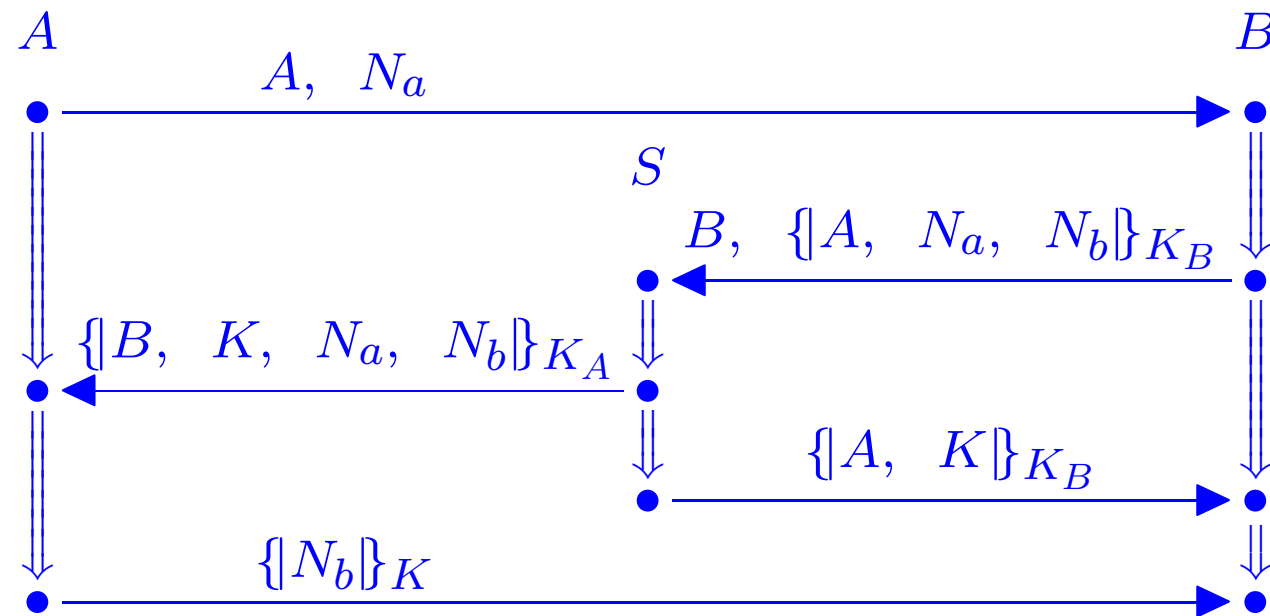
Completeness of the Authentication Tests

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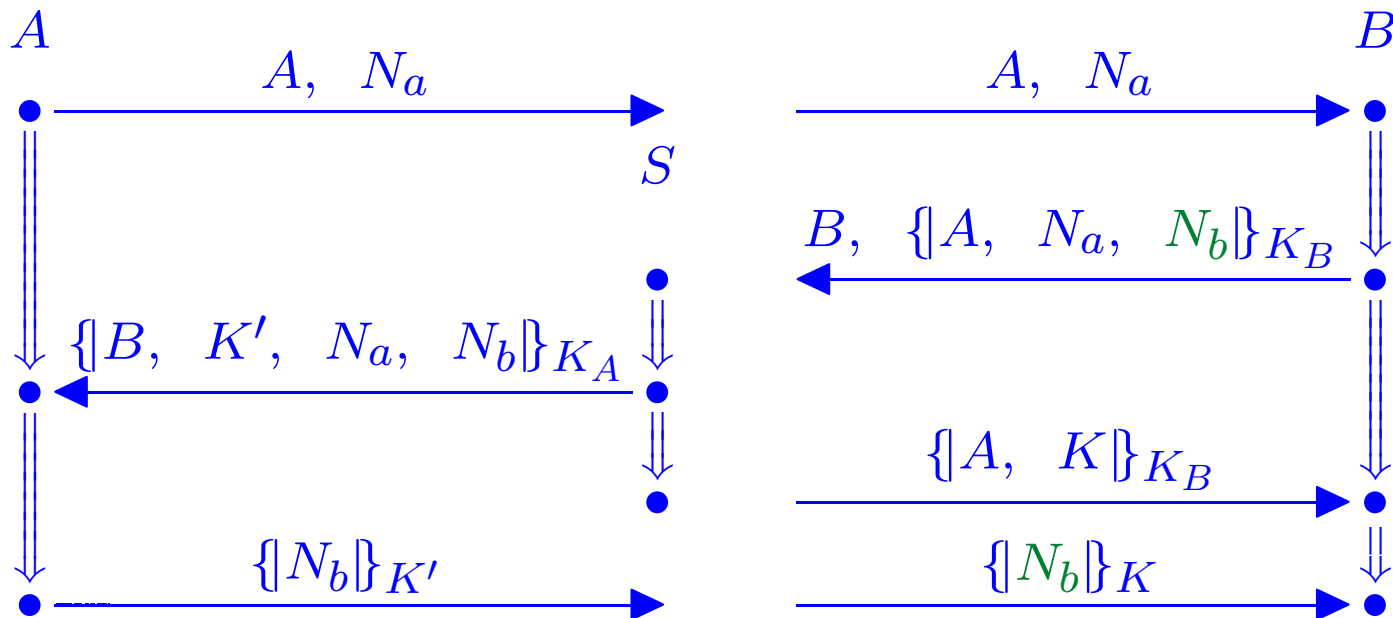
An Example: Yahalom's Protocol



Slightly modified: $\{A, K\}_{K_B}$ not forwarded via A

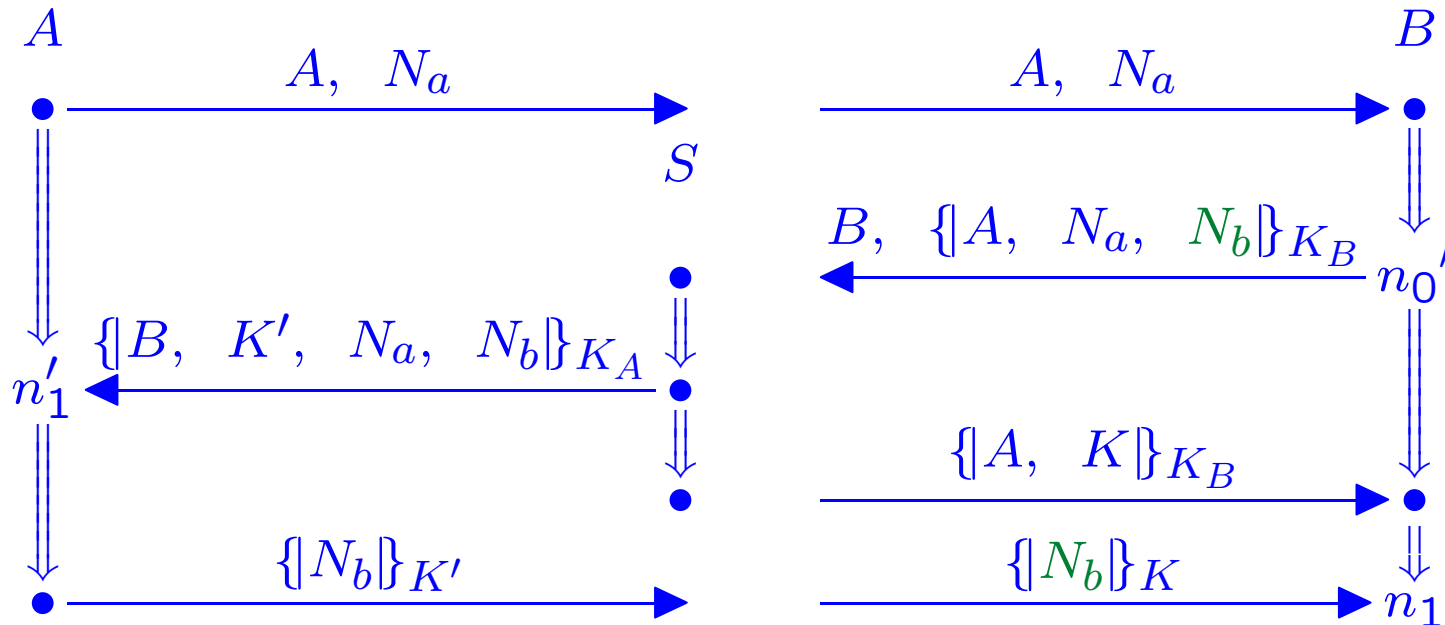
Yahalom Responder's Guarantee: Idea

Assume K_A^{-1}, K_b^{-1} non-originating



Does $K' = K$? Otherwise, must be another transforming edge, but no regular strand can transform $\{N_b\}_{K'}$ into $\{N_b\}_K$

Yahalom Responder's Guarantee

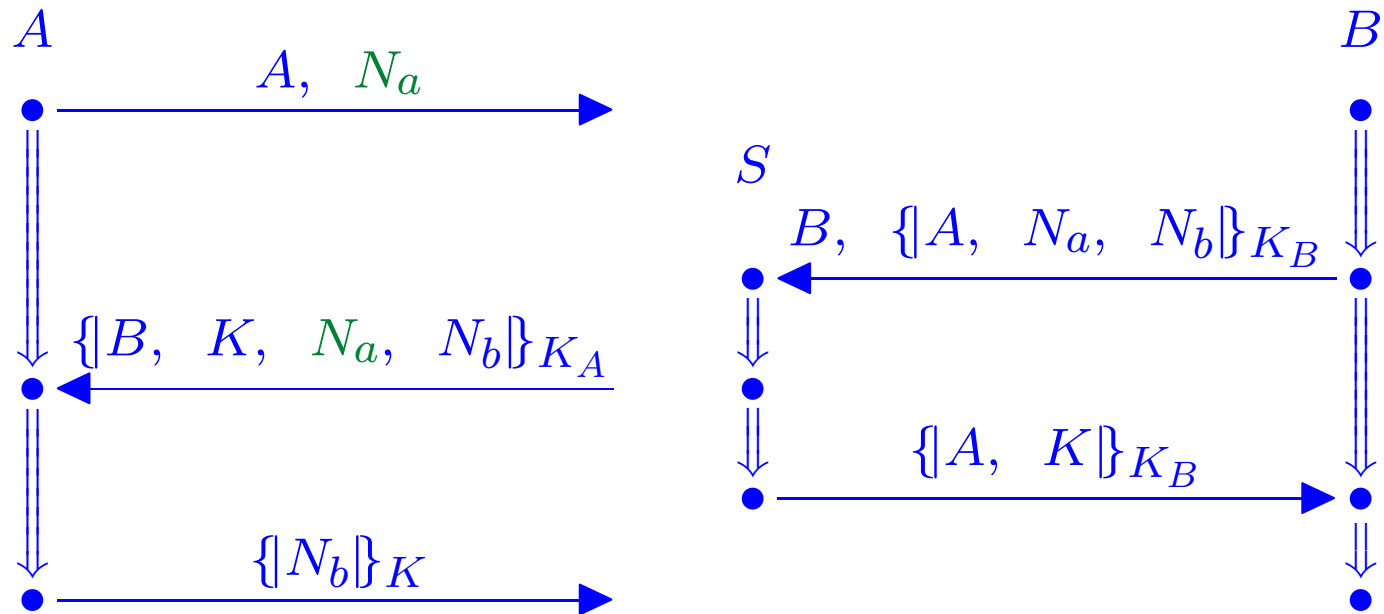


$$S_1 = \{\{B, K', N_a, N_b\}_{K_A} : K' \text{ is a key}\} \cup \{\{A, N_a, N_b\}_{K_B}\}$$

$$S_2 = \{\{A, N_a, N_b\}_{K_B}\}$$

Either $K = K'$ or $K \neq K'$

Yahalom Initiator Guarantee



An incoming test on N_a returning in safely encrypted form

The Incoming Test

Let $H: \mathbb{A}_0 \mapsto \mathbb{A}_1$, where \mathbb{A}_1 is realized. Let $n_1 \in \mathbb{A}_0$ be a negative node and $\{t_0\}_K \sqsubset \text{term}(n_1)$. If $\{t_0\}_K$ originates nowhere in \mathbb{A}_0 , then either:

1. $H = H'' \circ H'$,
where H' is an incoming augmentation originating $\{t_0\}_K$; or
2. K is compromised in \mathbb{A}_1

There is a listener augmentation $H': \mathbb{A}_0 \mapsto \mathbb{A}'_0$ for K , and a homomorphism $H'': \mathbb{A}'_0 \mapsto \mathbb{A}'_1$ such that:

- (a) \mathbb{A}'_1 is realized,
- (b) $\mathbb{A}'_1 \sim_{\perp} \mathbb{A}_1$, and
- (c) $H'' \circ H' = I \circ H$, where I is an inclusion homomorphism.

Some Definitions

- “Listener strand:” $\text{Lsn}[a]$
 - Regular strand
 - Single negative node $-a$

Certifies that a is compromised

- “Listener Augmentation:”
homomorphism that embeds \mathbb{A}_0
in a skeleton also containing a listener strand

Defns: Skeleton

A four-tuple $\mathbb{A} = (\text{nodes}, \preceq, \text{non}, \text{unique})$ is a *preskeleton* if:

1. nodes is a finite set of regular nodes; $n_1 \in \text{nodes}$ and $n_0 \Rightarrow^+ n_1$ implies $n_0 \in \text{nodes}$;
2. \preceq is a partial ordering on nodes such that $n_0 \Rightarrow^+ n_1$ implies $n_0 \preceq n_1$;
3. non is a set of keys, and for all $K \in \text{non}$, either K or K^{-1} is used in nodes;
- 3'. for all $K \in \text{non}$, K does not occur in nodes;
4. unique is a set of atoms, and for all $a \in \text{unique}$, a occurs in nodes.

A preskeleton \mathbb{A} is a *skeleton* if in addition:

- 4'. $a \in \text{unique}$ implies a originates at no more than one node in nodes.

Defns: Homomorphism

Let $\mathbb{A}_0, \mathbb{A}_1$ be preskeletons, α a replacement, $\phi: \text{nodes}_{\mathbb{A}_0} \rightarrow \text{nodes}_{\mathbb{A}_1}$.
 $H = [\phi, \alpha]$ is a *homomorphism* if

- 1a. For all $n \in \mathbb{A}_0$, $\text{term}(\phi(n)) = \text{term}(n) \cdot \alpha$;
- 1b. For all s, i , if $s \downarrow i \in \mathbb{A}$
then there is an s' s.t. for all $j \leq i$, $\phi(s \downarrow j) = (s', j)$;
2. $n \preceq_{\mathbb{A}_0} m$ implies $\phi(n) \preceq_{\mathbb{A}_1} \phi(m)$;
3. $\text{non}_{\mathbb{A}_0} \cdot \alpha \subset \text{non}_{\mathbb{A}_1}$;
4. $\text{unique}_{\mathbb{A}_0} \cdot \alpha \subset \text{unique}_{\mathbb{A}_1}$

Outgoing Augmentation

Let $H: \mathbb{A}_0 \mapsto \mathbb{A}_1$, with \mathbb{A}_1 realized.

Let X be a set of keys, and

let $n_0, n_1 \in \mathbb{A}_0$ be an outgoing test pair for a, S, X ,
for which \mathbb{A}_0 contains no transforming edge.

At least one of the following holds:

1. $H = H'' \circ H'$, where H' is some outgoing augmentation for a, S, X ;
2. $H = H'' \circ \text{hull}_\alpha(\mathbb{A}_0)$ for some contraction α ;
3. **Some $K \in X$ is compromised in \mathbb{A}_1**

There is a listener augmentation $H': \mathbb{A}_0 \mapsto \mathbb{A}'_0$ for some $K \in X$, and
a homomorphism $H'': \mathbb{A}'_0 \mapsto \mathbb{A}'_1$ such that:

- (a) \mathbb{A}'_1 is realized,
- (b) $\mathbb{A}'_1 \sim_{\perp} \mathbb{A}_1$, and
- (c) $H'' \circ H' = I \circ H$, where I is an inclusion homomorphism.

Defn: Shape (Minimal Realized Skeleton)

$H: \mathbb{A}_0 \mapsto \mathbb{A}_1$ is a *shape for* \mathbb{A}_0 if \mathbb{A}_1 is “nodewise minimal” among realized skeletons \mathbb{A}' such that $H = H_1 \circ H_0$ where

1. $H_0: \mathbb{A}_0 \mapsto \mathbb{A}'$
2. $H_1: \mathbb{A}' \mapsto \mathbb{A}_1$

\mathbb{A}_0 is *nodewise less than or equal to* \mathbb{A}_1 if for some $[\phi, \alpha]: \mathbb{A}_0 \mapsto \mathbb{A}_1$, ϕ is injective.

Authentication Tests Completeness

Let $H: \mathbb{A}_0 \mapsto \mathbb{A}_1$ be a shape. $H = H_k \circ H_{k-1} \circ \dots \circ H_1 \circ H_0$ for some sequence of homomorphisms $\{H_i\}_{0 \leq i \leq k}$, where:

1. H_0 is a node-surjective homomorphism from \mathbb{A}_0 onto a substructure (possibly the identity); and
2. For each i with $1 \leq i \leq k$, H_i is a contraction or an augmentation as in Incoming and Outgoing Tests

Main Lemma

Suppose there exists some $H: \mathbb{A} \mapsto \mathbb{A}'$ where \mathbb{A}' is realized.
If $\text{term}(n)$ is not penetrator-derivable before n in \mathbb{A} , then either:

1. n is an incoming transformed node for some $K \in \text{non}_{\mathbb{A}} \cup \text{unique}_{\mathbb{A}}$;
or else
2. (m, n) is an outgoing transformed pair with respect to a, S, X
for
 - (i) some $a \in \text{unique}_{\mathbb{A}}$ originating at a node $m \in \mathbb{A}$;
 - (ii) some set S of encrypted terms such that a occurs only within S in the nodes of \mathbb{A} below n ; and
 - (iii) some set of keys $X \subset \text{non}_{\mathbb{A}} \cup \text{unique}_{\mathbb{A}}$
such that for each $K \in X$, K^{-1} is used for encryption in $\text{support}(n)$.